

# Nomination for Election to the Parochial Church Council on 29<sup>th</sup> April 2018

**Parish of** Lytham St Cuthbert

	<i>Proposer</i>	<i>Secunder</i>
We ( <i>insert names</i> )		
of ( <i>insert addresses</i> )		
Being members of the electoral roll of this parish		
Hereby nominate ( <i>insert name</i> )		
of ( <i>insert address</i> )		
as a candidate for election to the Parochial Church Council at the annual meeting to be held on ( <i>insert meeting date</i> )		
	<i>(Proposer's signature)</i>	<i>(Secunder's signature)</i>
Signed		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>I declare that I am communicant of 16 years or over and not disqualified nor barred from acting as a charity trustee. I also declare that if elected, I consent to serve and am happy to be contacted through these addresses by St Cuthbert's Lytham.</li> </ul>		
Signed ( <i>Nominee's signature</i> )		

**Notes:**

- Proposers and seconds must:
    - be on the Electoral Roll of the parish.
  - Nominees must:
    - be on the Electoral Roll of the parish and, if eighteen or over on the date of the election, has been so entered for at least the preceding period of six months;
    - be an actual communicant as defined in the Church Representation Rules [54(1)];
    - be at least sixteen years of age;
    - be willing to act as a charity trustee;
  - Nominees must **not**:
    - be disqualified from acting as a charity trustee of any charity under section 72(1) of the Charities Act 1993.
    - have been disqualified from holding office under section 10(6) of the Incumbents (Vacation of Benefices) Measure 1977.
- A person is disqualified from being a charity trustee under the Charities Act if they have been convicted of an offence involving deception or dishonesty (unless such conviction is legally regarded as spent), if they are an undischarged bankrupt, have made compositions or arrangements with any creditors from which they have not been discharged or have been removed from serving as a charity trustee, or been stopped from acting in a management position within a charity.
  - To knowingly make a false statement is a criminal offence under section 11 of the Charities Act 1993.

